

PARIS

TRANSFORMING PUBLIC SPACE TO SERVE THE PUBLIC





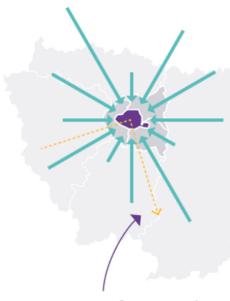


01

Paris and Paris area

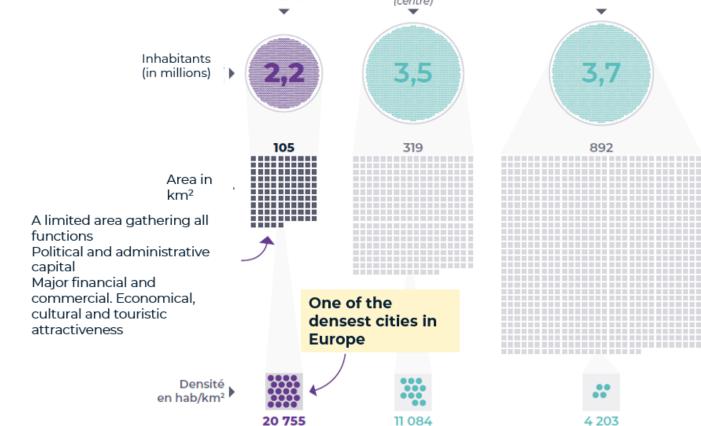
Geographical and institutional context

Historic context: a very dense inner city and a centripetal organisation



A center of attraction and a « transit city » for suburban areas

Population, area and density A radial organisation Londres **Paris** Berlin (centre)





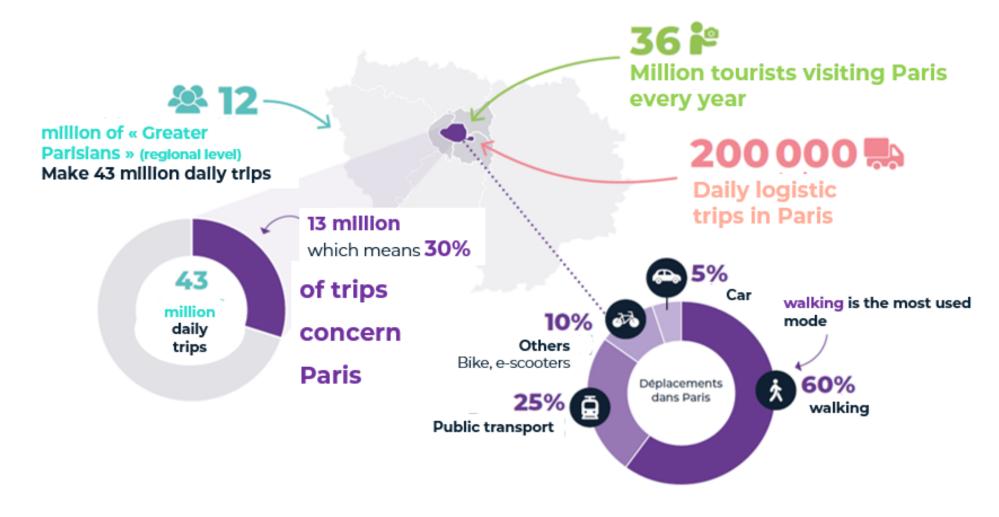




3,7

4 2 0 3

Key facts: 30% of trips made in the region area concern Paris



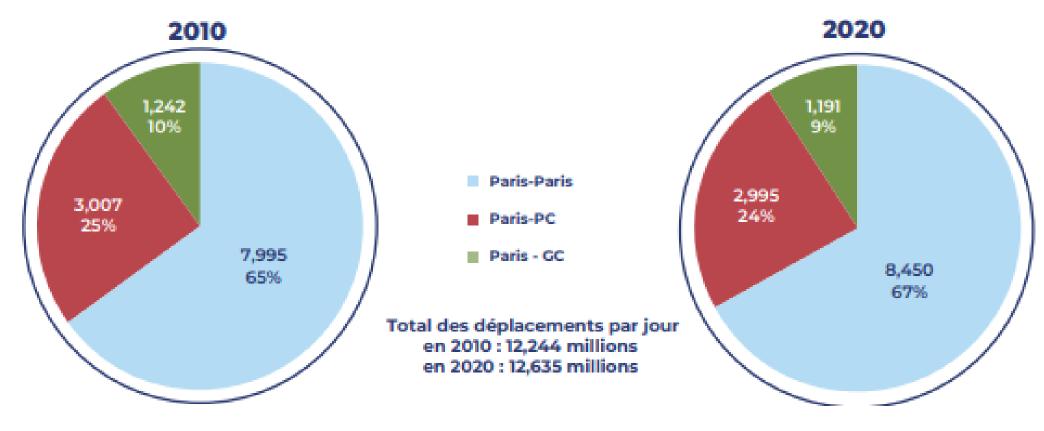






Trip distribution according to origin zone and destination zone

During the week (in million and in percentage)



Data is before the pandemic







Governance: many actors working together

Jurisdiction

The organizing authority for transport and mobility is at the regional level **île**de**France**

The city of Paris is responsible for:

- traffic and parking regulations
- roadway and public space maintenance
- Road competence is shared between the City of Paris and the National Government (Préfecture de Police)
- The Métropole du Grand Paris is in charge of regulating air quality (LEZ)





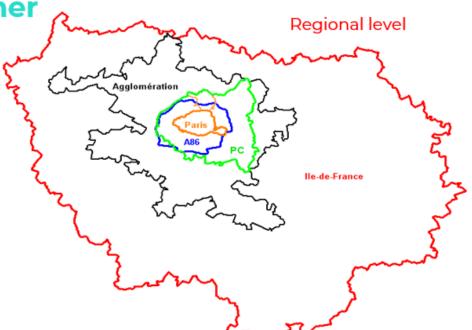


- local authorities (region, departments and the City of Paris)
- employers via a transport subsidy tax and the obligation to cover 50% of the cost of transport for staff
- and by the ticket sales

The City of Paris support financially up to 390M€ per year







Mobility patterns in Paris

- High-quality and dense public transport system: 1,500 bus routes, 14 metro lines, 9 tram lines and 13 train and RER lines in the Region
- More than 1000 km bikes lanes in 2020
- Car sharing offers (station based for round trip and FF basis)

Only

- 33,6 % of Parisian households own a car*
- 11% of economically active Parisians commute by car*

An ideal environment for shared Micro-mobility

 Vélib' and Vélib' Métropole : docked-bike public service since 2007 20 000 bikes (40% e-bikes)

>1000 stations in Paris every 300 meters

10 trips/bike/day during high season

Shared Micro-mobility: private supplies

25 000 dockless vehicles/devices (mopeds and bikes)











Towards a carbon neutral City by 2050

Since 2001, a policy of promoting sustainable mobility and regaining public space for active and shared mobility schemes has been implemented.

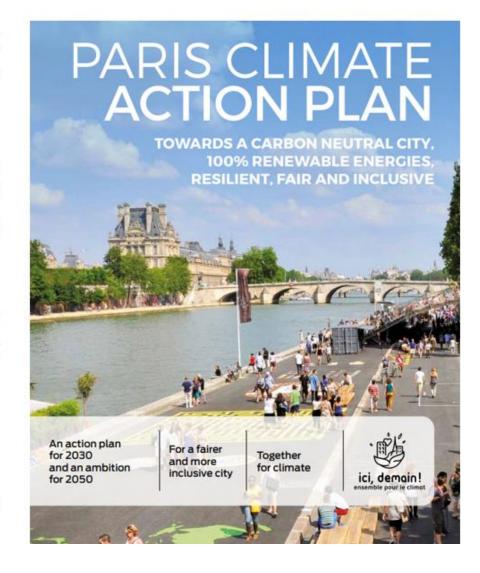
Since **2004**, the Paris adopted a proactive and ambitions action against climate change by establishing an initial assessment of the territory's energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions.

In 2007, **Paris adopted a Climate Action Plan** (Plan Climat) with an objective of reducing greenhouse gas emissions in the long term.

COP21 in 2015: Paris Agreement reinforced these ambitions.

The City set a reduction target of 75% greenhouse gas emissions between 2004 and 2050







Make Paris a Resilient, Inclusive, Carbon-neutral & 100% Renewable energy City

By 2030 Paris has set the following targets:



- 50%*
of local greenhouse
gas emissions



- 40%
of the Paris
carbon footprint



- 35%
of energy
consumption



45%

of renewable energies in the overall consumption, including 10% locally produced



Become a

ZERO

fossil fuel and domestic heating oil area



Conform to the WHO recommendations

ON AIR QUALITY

Guarantee a pleasant living environment that is adapted to the climate for all Parisians.





By 2050 Paris has set the following targets:



Make Paris a

ZERO

local greenhouse gas emissions area

locally produced



- 80%

of the Paris
carbon footprint



Commit the actors of the Parisian territory to offset the residual emissions in order to reach



100%
renewable energies¹²
including 20%

- 50%
energy consumption
throughout the territory

CARBON NEUTRALITY

Ensure the climate resilience of Paris and carry out a socially fair transition.

* Compared to 2004



Paris for bicycle

DEVELOPMENT OF CYCLING











DEVELOPMENT OF CYCLING





Before After







DEVELOPMENT OF CYCLING





Before After







TACTICAL URBANISM

- +52km of « corona cycle lanes »
- +60% ridership on certain bike paths between 2019 and 2021

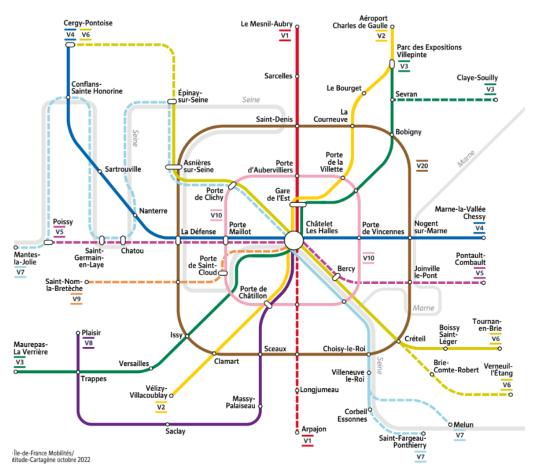


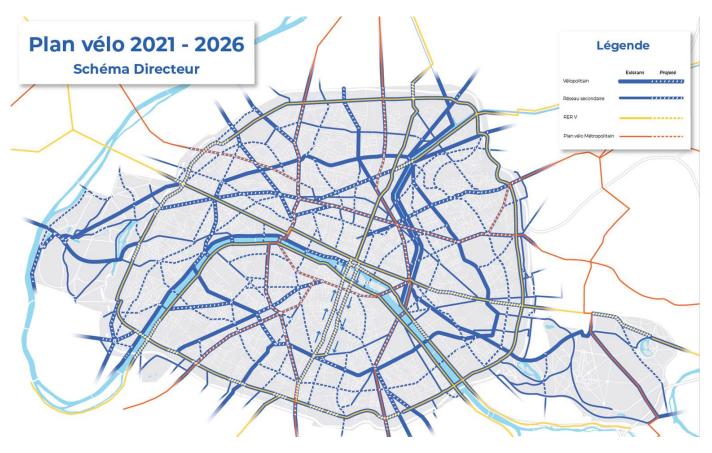






CYCLE NETWORK IN 2026











SAFETY, COMFORT AND HEALTH FOR ALL STREET USERS





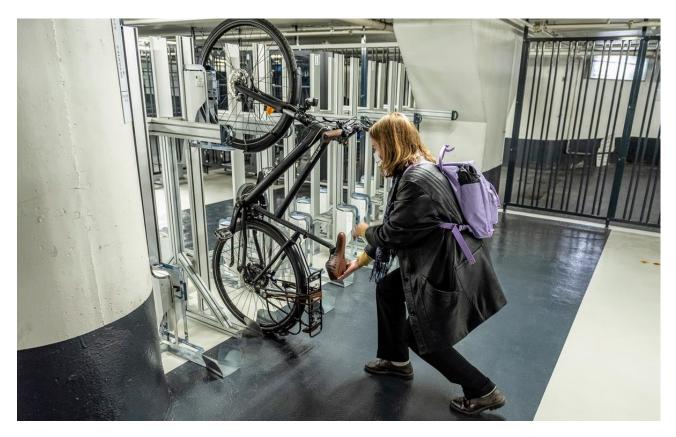






BIKE PARKING











BIKE ECOSYSTEM: CREATE AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE BIKE USE AND BIKE BUSINESSES CAN THRIVE











03

Turn of the century: redistribution of space in favor of public transport and active modes

- Reducing motorised modes
- Removing car parking space
- 15' minute city
- The « beautify your neighbourhood » program
- Giving more place to pedestrians
- Making safer streets
- Making Paris greener

Reducing motorised modes to improve quality of life: air quality, less noise, greening...





















Removing 50% of the available car parking spaces (144 000)

"Etats généraux du stationnement": residents were consulted to make the city greener and more

144 000 🗯

friendly









The « 15 minutes city » approach

A method to generalize Paris walkability and other uses of public space

3 major objectives:

- Create respiration zones in a dense city;
- Create new places for friendliness and meeting for a better neighbourhood life;
- Develop local services and stores.

A concerted approach with residents and local stakeholders to recreate lively districts around 3 types of urban commons with new mode of shared governance:

- Public facilities: open schools to neighbourhood;
- Public space: freed from cars, active mobility, more friendly and lively every day sites;
- Ground floors: support local shops for vibrant neighborhoods on a lively city ground floor.

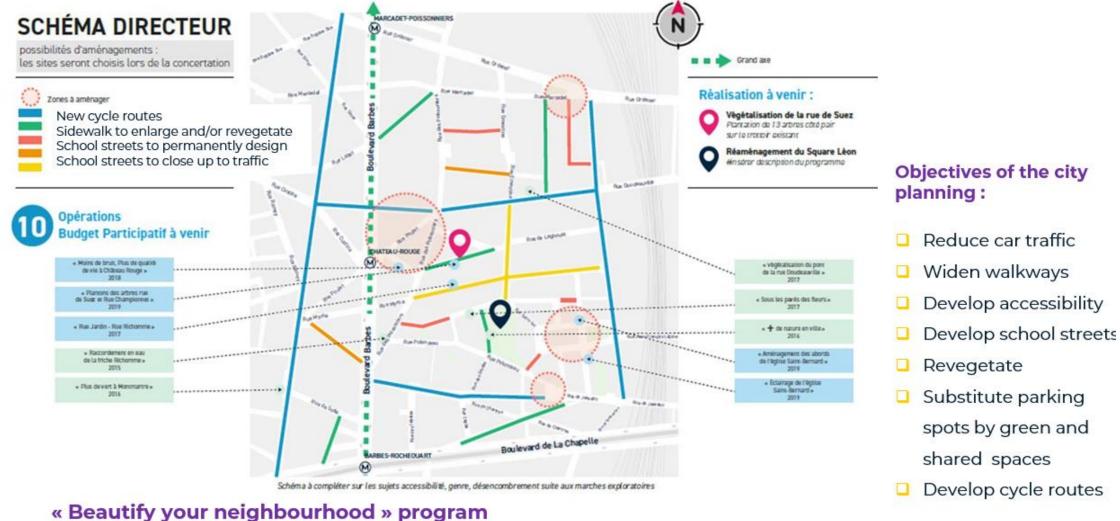








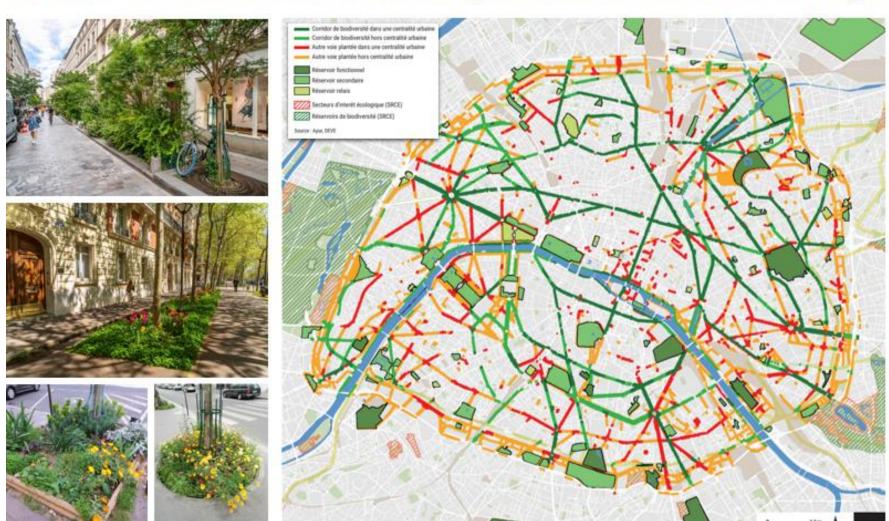
Our vision of the public space: the scale of a neighbourhood







Nature-based solutions to adapt Paris for climate change



647 km of treelined streets = 38% of the total km of streets

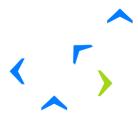
100 500 street trees



Objectif: planting 170 000 street trees by 2026







Transversal goal: "gentle revolution"

New greening interventions by soil de-sealing: cool areas within 15 minutes



Implementing
« urban
forest »
concept in
central Paris



Place de Catalogne

Greening streets with secured full ground planters









School streets – making streets safer



















School streets























ADDRESSING THE NEEDS OF ELDERLY AND PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES - NEW STREET CODE AND ENFORCEMENT





« Code de la Rue » – « Street code » adopted in July 2023









SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORT AWARD



Thank you!

